1/16/2013

NORTH
SMITHFIELD
SCHOOL
DEPARTMENT

ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS CURRICULUM GRADE K

Elementary School

Curriculum Writers: Colleen Carr, Bernadette Hawkins, and Marianne Lowe

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he North Smithfield School Department English Language Arts Curriculum for grades K-12 was completed in June 2012 by a K-12 team of teachers. The team, identified as the English Language Arts Task Force and English Language Arts Curriculum Writers, referenced a variety of resources to design the document that included:

- Common Core Standards for English Language Arts
- Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts, Appendix A
- Understanding Common Core State Standards, Kendall
- PARCC Model Content Frameworks
- Numerous state curriculum Common Core frameworks, e.g. Ohio Department of Education
- Classroom Instruction That Works
- Best Practice, New Standards for Teaching and Learning in America's Schools
- Common Core Curriculum Maps
- Differentiated Instructional Strategies
- Goals for the district

Mission Statement

North Smithfield School Department is committed to engaging and challenging all students in a rigorous K-12 ELA curriculum integrating reading, writing, listening, and speaking to ensure the continued success of all students in a global and technological society

The North Smithfield School Department English Language Arts Curriculum identifies what students should know and be able to do in English Language Arts. Each grade or course includes Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts and Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science and Technical Subjects (CCSS), grade level tasks, teacher notes, best practice instructional strategies, resources, map (or suggested timeline), rubrics, checklists, and common formative and summative assessments.

COMMON CORE STATE STANDARDS

The Common Core State Standards (CCSS) anchor standards include:

- College and Career Readiness Anchor Standards for Reading
 - Key Ideas and Details
 - Craft and Structure
 - Integration of Knowledge
 - Range of Reading
- College and Career Readiness Anchor Standards for Writing
 - Text Types and Purposes
 - o Production and Distribution of Writing
 - o Research to Build and Present Knowledge
 - Range of Writing
- College and Career Readiness Anchor Standards for Speaking and Listening
 - o Comprehension and Collaboration
 - o Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas
- College and Career Readiness Anchor Standards for Language
 - o Conventions of Standard English
 - o Knowledge of Language
 - Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

The North Smithfield School Department Common Core English Language Arts Curriculum provides all students with a sequential comprehensive education in English Language Arts through the study of:

- Reading (literary and Informational)
- Writing
- Speaking and Listening
- Language

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RESEARCH-BASED INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES

The North Smithfield School Department Common Core English Language Arts Curriculum provides a list of research-based **best practice instructional strategies** that the teacher may model and/or facilitate. It is suggested the teacher:

- Use formative assessment to guide instruction
- Use constructive and extended responses
- Use Classroom Instruction That Works Strategies:
 - Setting objectives and providing feedback
 - o Reinforcing effort and providing recognition
 - Cooperative learning
 - Cues, questions, and advance organizers
 - o Nonlinguistic representations
 - Summarizing and note taking
 - Assigning homework and providing practice
 - o Identifying similarities and differences
 - Generating and testing hypotheses
 - Provide opportunities for independent, partner and collaborative group work
- Differentiate instruction by varying the content, process, and product and providing opportunities for:
 - o 5-3-1 strategy
 - o anchoring
 - o cubing
 - o jig-sawing
 - pre/post assessments
 - tiered assignments
- Address multiple intelligences instructional strategies, e.g. visual, bodily kinesthetic, interpersonal
- Provide opportunities for higher level thinking: Webb's Depth of Knowledge, 2,3,4, skill/conceptual understanding, strategic reasoning, extended reasoning
- Facilitate integration of the Applied Learning Standards (SCANS):
 - o communication
 - critical thinking
 - problem solving
 - o reflection/evaluation
 - o research
- Model the use of graphic organizers:
 - o sequence organizers (chains, cycle),
 - o concept development (mind map),
 - o compare/contrast organizers (Venn diagrams, comparison charts),
 - o organizers (word web, concept map),
 - evaluation organizers (charts, scales),
 - categorize/classify organizers (categories, tree)
 - relational organizers (fish bone, pie chart)
- Employ best practice reading strategies
 - o read aloud
 - o think aloud
 - o shared reading
 - o guided reading
 - self-selected reading
- Model the following reading strategies
 - o using prior knowledge
 - o sampling a page for readability

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- summarizing
- o predicting and making text based inferences
- determining importance
- o generating literal, clarifying, and inferential questions
- o constructing sensory images (making pictures in one's mind)
- o making connections (text to self, text to text, and text to world)
- taking notes
- o locating, using and analyzing text features e.g. transition words, subheadings, bold/italicized
- o using text structure clues, e.g. chronological, cause/effect, compare/contrast, proposition and support, description, classification, logical sequential
- o using metacognition strategies for understanding text
- Facilitate comprehension strategies
 - making connections
 - questioning
 - visualizing
 - inferring
 - determining importance
 - synthesizing information
 - self-monitoring or fix-up
 - predicting
 - o summarizing
- Model writers' workshop
- Facilitate
 - Academic word wall
 Class discussion
 Annotated works cited
 Guided reading
 Article of the week
 Literature circles
 Writer's Notebook
 - o Book clubs o RAISE
- Employ strategies of "best practice" (student-centered, experiential, holistic, authentic, expressive, reflective, social, collaborative, democratic, cognitive, developmental, constructivist/heuristic, and challenging)
- Provide rubrics and models

COMMON ASSESSMENTS

The North Smithfield School Department Common Core English Language Arts Curriculum includes common assessments. Required (red ink) indicates the assessment is required of all students e.g. common tasks/performance- based tasks, standardized mid-term exam, standardized final exam.

- REQUIRED COMMON ASSESSMENTS
 - o Constructed response
 - o DRA 2
 - o PALS
 - Formative TBD
 - Summative TBD
- Common Instructional Assessments (I) used by teachers and students during the instruction of CCSS.
- Common Formative Assessments (F) used to measure how well students are mastering the content standards before taking state assessments
 - o teacher and student use to make decisions about what actions to take to promote further learning
 - o on-going, dynamic process that involves far more frequent testing
 - serves as a practice for students
- Common Summative Assessment (S) used to measure the level of student, school, or program success
 - o DRA

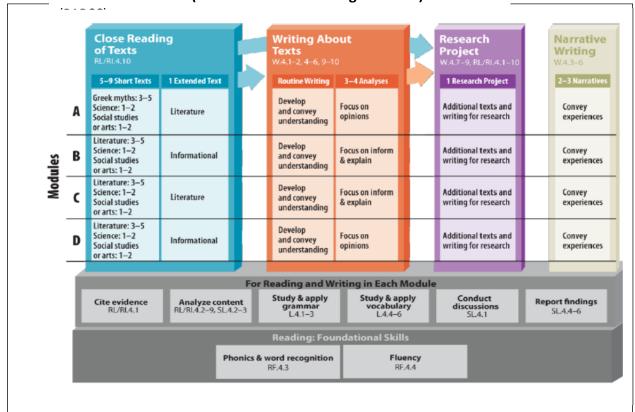
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Additional assessments include:

- Anecdotal records
- Checklists
- Conferencing
- Exhibits
- Interviews
- o Graphic organizers
- o Journals
- Multiple Intelligences assessments, e.g.
 - Role playing bodily kinesthetic
 - Graphic organizing visual
 - Collaboration interpersonal
- o Multi-media/technology
- o Non-linguistic representations
- o Oral presentations

- Problem/Performance based/common tasks
- o RAISE responses
- o Tests and quizzes
- o Think-alouds
- Writing genres
 - Arguments/ opinion
 - Information
 - Narrative
 - Research
- o Treasures Benchmark Assessments
- Weekly Running Records

Standards organized into suggested quarter modules (PARCC)
Grade 3 (no model available for grades K-2)



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Textbooks

- Treasures
- Supplementary Student
- Literary
- Informational

Supplementary Teacher

- Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel
- 7 Keys to Comprehension: How to Help Your Kids Read It and Get It, Zimmermann, Hutchins

RESOURCES GRADE K

- Common Core Curriculum Maps by Teachers for Teachers
- Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts and Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science and Technical Subjects
- Formative Assessment and Standards-Based Grading, Classroom Strategies That Work, Marzano
- Guided Reading, Fountas and Pinnell
- · Literature Circles, Daniels
- Make It Real Strategies for Success with Informational text, Linda Hoyt
- Mosaic of Thought, Keene, Zimmerman
- · Reading Essentials, Routman
- Rhode Island Comprehensive Literary Plan (RICLP)
- · Strategies that Work, Non Fiction Matters, Harvey
- Texts and Lessons, Daniels and Steineke
- Write Like This, Teaching Real-World Writing Through Modeling and Mentor Text, Gallagher

Supplementary Teacher Links

- CNN Student News (http://www.cnn.com/studentnews/index.html)
- Common Core Maps <u>www.commoncore.org/maps</u>
- Common Core Standards (http://www.corestandards.org/)
- Comprehensive Assessment System: Rhode Island Criteria & Guidance http://www.ride.ri.gov/Assessment/DOCS/CAS/CAS Criteria-Guidance and Appendices-FINAL.pdf
- Discovery Education (http://my.discoveryeducation.com/)
- Diverse learners, Resources based on the Universal Design for Learning principles are available at www.cast.org
- · Formative Assessment and Standards Based Grading
- (http://www.marzanoresearch.com/reproducibles/formative_assessment.html#reproducibles)
- Grammar girl
- http://www.ride.ri.gov/Instruction/DOCS/CommonCore/DColeman-Feb29 Resources:pdf
- Library Database (Ebsco, World Book, etc.)
- · Microsoft Learning
- Ohio State Curriculum http://www.ode.state.oh.us/GD/Templates/Pages/ODE/ODEDefaultPage.aspx?page=1
- PARCC http://www.parcconline.org/parcc-content-frameworks
- PARCC http://www.parcconline.org/sites/parcc/files/PARCC Draft ModelContentFrameworksForEnglish LanguageArts0.pdf
- PBS Learning
- Promethean Planet
- Shmoop

- · The Teaching Channel
- Thinkfinity.org
- · Writingfix.org
- You Tube
- · www.learnzillion.com
- http://www.tcoe.org/ERS/CCSS/ELA/Bookmarks (Tulare Public Schools ELA 'bookmarks' that are half page
 reference sheets which define each CCSS by grade level. The 'bookmark' identifies essential skills, concepts,
 academic vocabulary and question stems relevant to the standard).

Reading Standards Links

- 7 Keys to Comprehension (http://www.unit5.org/hoose/brochures/Parents%20Seven%20Keys.pdf)
- Fontas and Pinnell , Instructional Level Expectations for Reading

 $\underline{\text{http://www.heinemann.com/fountasandpinnell/handouts/InstructionalLevelExpectationsForReading.pdf}}$

- Graphic Organizers (http://www.eduplace.com/graphicorganizer/)
- KWL (http://www.eduplace.com/graphicorganizer/pdf/kwl.pdf)
- Lexile Finder (http://www.lexile.com/
- Literature Circles (http://www.litcircles.org/)
- Reader's Workshop (http://www.readersworkshop.org/)
- Reading Essentials (http://www.regieroutman.com/teachingessentials/print.asp)
- RI PreK-12 Literacy Policy (http://www.ride.ri.gov/instruction/DOCS/reading/RIReadingPolicy.pdf)
- Strategies the Work: Non Fiction Matters (http://www.mcte.org/fallwork/archive/harvey/resources.html)
- T-Chart (http://www.eduplace.com/graphicorganizer/pdf/tchart eng.pdf)
- Text Structures (http://www.u-46.org/dbs/roadmap/files/comprehension/3expostext.pdf)
- Venn Diagram (http://www.eduplace.com/graphicorganizer/pdf/venn.pdf)

Writing Standards Links

- Criterion Writing Evaluation (https://criterion.ets.org/)
- Editing Checklists (http://www.readwritethink.org/classroom-resources/printouts/editing-checklist-self-peer-30232.html)
- KWL (http://www.eduplace.com/graphicorganizer/pdf/kwl.pdf)
- References/ Citations (http://easybib.com/)
- Research, grammar http://owl.english.purdue.edu
- · Teaching Argument Writing, George Hillocks, Jr.
- · Write Like This, Kelly Gallagher

Speaking and Listening Standards Links

- Literature Circles (http://www.litcircles.org/)
- Reader's Workshop (http://www.readersworkshop.org/)
- Socratic Seminars (http://www.nwabr.org/education/pdfs/PRIMER/PrimerPieces/SocSem.pdf)
- Living Museums (http://www.educationworld.com/a curr/curr231.shtml)

Materials

Technology

- Computer lab
- Computers
- Elmo
- · Interactive boards
- LCD projectors

STANDARDS	UNIT	STANDARDS/BENCHMARKS	INSTRUCTIONAL	RESOURCES	ASSESSMENTS
		North Smithfield School Department	STRATEGIES		
READING LITERATURE (RL)		Students	TEACHER NOTES, for example	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
Key Ideas and Details		RL.K.1 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text. • Literature O The Kissing Hand O The Gingerbread picture books O Holiday picture books O Treasures • "Picnic at Apple Park" (unit 1) • "Friends" (unit 2) • "What Do You Like?" • "Simon and Molly Plus Hester" • Academic Vocabulary O details O questions O ask O answer O text O information O where O know O partner O sask O Ask questions O Ask questions O Give details O Ustening for information	Guided reading Note taking (McRel)	See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6 The Kissing Hand The Gingerbread picture books Holiday picture books Treasures "Friends" "What Do you Like?" "Simon and Molly Plus Hester" Trade books Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel Guided Reading, Fountas and Pinnell Instructional Level Expectations for Reading http://www.heinemann.com/fountasandpinnell/handouts/InstructionalLevelExpectationsForReading.pdf Diverse Learners: www.cast.org	Required Constructed response DRA 2 PALS Formative TBD Summative TBD Suggested (see assessment list in the introduction) Treasures Benchmark Assessments Weekly Running Records
		RL.K.2 With prompting and support, retell familiar stories, including key details. • Literature O The Kissing Hand O The Gingerbread picture books O Treasures • "Friends" (unit 2) • "What Do You Like?" • "Simon and Molly Plus Hester" • Academic Vocabulary O retell O details O main events O story O problem O character O beginning, middle, end	Note taking (McRel) Treasures Anthology, Read Aloud Story map Story glove Retelling		

STANDARDS UNIT	STANDARDS/BENCHMARKS	INSTRUCTIONAL	RESOURCES	ASSESSMENTS
	North Smithfield School Department	STRATEGIES		
	o resolution o solve o sequence • Essential Skills and Concepts O Retelling the story O Sequencing/ordering the events of the story O Verbalizing the basic elements of the story • character • setting • problem • resolution • ending O Identifying key details • Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. O What happened first? O What did the character do to solve the problem? O What did the character do to solve the problem? O What happened at the end of the story? O Can you draw a picture of what happened in the story and then tell me about it?			
	RL.K.3 With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and major events in the story. • Literature	 Guided reading Partner reading Story map (Fountas and Pinnell) Retelling Glove - Label each finger of a glove Characters, Setting, Problem, Solution, Details. Children retell a story while wearing the glove that prompts them to remember the key ideas and details. Story Sequence - After multiple opportunities to hear a text read aloud, students retell the story sequentially, using cues such as picture cards, objects, puppets, etc. Graphic organizers Ask questions 		

STANDARDS	UNIT	STANDARDS/BENCHMARKS	INSTRUCTIONAL	RESOURCES	ASSESSMENTS
		North Smithfield School Department	STRATEGIES		
READING LITERATURE (RL)		Students	TEACHER NOTES, for example	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
LITERATURE (RL) Craft and Structure		RL.K.4 Ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text. • Literature • Treasures • "Friends" (unit 2) • "What Do You Like?" • Holiday theme read aloud, e.g. • Polar Express • Leveled readers • Academic Vocabulary • unknown word • answer • question • text • Essential Skills and Concepts • Identify a word • Ask a question • Use cues such as visuals, phonics, and semantics to figure out unknown words • Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. • Point to an unknown word on the page • Is there a chunk in that word that you know? • Can you get your mouth ready? • Is there something in the picture that can help you?	 Guided reading Nonlinguistic representation (McRel) Story map (Fountas and Pinnell) Think Aloud 	See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6 Treasures "Friends" (unit 2) "What Do You Like?" Holiday picture books Leveled readers Nursery Rhymes Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel Guided Reading, Fountas and Pinnell Instructional Level Expectations for Reading http://www.heinemann.co	Required Constructed response DRA 2 PALS Formative TBD Summative TBD Suggested (see assessment list in the introduction) Graphic organizers Think aloud notes Treasures Benchmark Assessments
		RL.K.5 Recognize common types of texts (e.g., storybooks, poems). Literature Treasures ""Friends" (unit 2) "What Do You Like?" Fables (anthology) Non-fiction Read alouds e.g. Chicka Chicka Boom Boom Dr. Seuss books Fairy tales "Half Way Down", A.A. Milne (poem) Holiday theme read aloud Academic Vocabulary Fiction Story Poem Fable Purpose Information Text Storybooks Rhyme recognize Essential Skills and Concepts	Comprehension strategies: making connections Guided reading Student Authors and Illustrators Use literary talk when discussing student writing. Make specific reference to their work as authors and illustrators to help solidify their understanding of the role each plays in creating a picture book.	m/fountasandpinnell/hand outs/InstructionalLevelExp ectationsForReading.pdf • Diverse Learners: www.cast.org	Weekly Running Records

STANDARDS	UNIT	STANDARDS/BENCHMARKS	INSTRUCTIONAL	RESOURCES	ASSESSMENTS
		North Smithfield School Department	STRATEGIES		
		O Understand that writing is formatted in different ways Recognize common genres in fable in arrative in fairytale in poem in rhyme counting books alphabet books in this book tell us a story or help us learn something new? What helps us know that this book is s Is this story real or not real? Is this say real or not real? Is this a or a? RL.K.6 With prompting and support, name the author and illustrator of a story and define the role of each in telling the story. Literature Treasures "Friends" (unit 2) "What Do You Like?" Holiday read alouds David Shannon books Academic Vocabulary Author Illustrator Illustrator Illustrator Illustration Drawing Writen by Book Story Name Front cover Title page Essential Skills and Concepts Identify the name of the illustrator Tell what the author does Tell what the author does Tell what the author does Tell what the mame of the author? What does the illustrator do?	Guided reading Think Aloud Visualizing Venn diagrams KWL charts		
READING LITERATURE (RL)		Students	TEACHER NOTES, for example	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas		RL.K.7 With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the story in which they appear (e.g., what moment in a story an illustration depicts). • Literature	Graphic organizers Guided reading Sequence chart (Treasures)	 See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6 David Shannon books, e.g. David Gets in Trouble 	Required Constructed response DRA 2 PALS

STANDARDS	UNIT	STANDARDS/BENCHMARKS	INSTRUCTIONAL	RESOURCES	ASSESSMENTS
		North Smithfield School Department	STRATEGIES		
		David Shannon books, e.g. David Gets in Trouble No David David Goes to School Treasures "Picnic at Apple Park" (unit 1) Holiday theme read aloud Academic Vocabulary illustration illustration illustration illustration idrawing picture story tell happening character Essential Skills and Concepts Recognize what an illustration is (e.g., picture, photo, drawing, sketch) Know that the illustrations help you understand more about the story, its characters Connect the point of the story with the illustrations Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. After looking at the picture, what do you think will happen next? Why do you think the illustrator drew this picture? What can you learn aboutcharacter's name by looking at the pictures? Picture walk through the book, before and after reading the story." Picture walk through the book, before and after reading the story to help students understand what they will be reading or hearing.		 No David David Goes to School Treasures Holiday picture books Trade books for comparing and contrasting Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel Guided Reading, Fountas and Pinnell Fontas and Pinnell , Instructional Level Expectations for Reading http://www.heinemann.com/fountasandpinnell/handouts/InstructionalLevelExpectationsForReading.pdf Diverse Learners: 	Formative TBD Summative TBD Suggested (see assessment list in the introduction) Graphic organizers Think aloud notes Treasures Benchmark Assessments Weekly Running Records
	RL.I	K.9 With prompting and support, compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in familiar stories. • Literature • David Shannon books, e.g. • David Gets in Trouble • No David • David Goes to School • Holiday theme read aloud • Ginger Bread books • The Three Little Pigs • The True Story of the Three Little Pigs • Eric Carle books • Academic Vocabulary • character • story • adventures • experiences • compare • contrast • similar • different • Essential Skills and Concepts • Know that compare means looking for thingsthat are alike or the same • Know that compare means looking for differences	Author Study - Collect copies of a single author's work. Choose a children's author that has a wide range of books such as Eric Carle or Lois Ehlert. Have the books available for student exploration. Lead discussions about book similarities and differences focusing not only on the text, but on the illustrations as well. Encourage students to identify the books that tell stories and those that tell facts. Shared reading Venn Diagram	www.cast.org	

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STANDARDS	UNIT	STANDARDS/BENCHMARKS	INSTRUCTIONAL	RESOURCES	ASSESSMENTS
		North Smithfield School Department North Smithfield School Department Know that adventures are a series of events that make up a story Understand the "who" of the story Understand the "what" of the story Identify similarities in the experiences of characters Identify differences in the adventures of characters Udentify differences in the adventures of characters Material Stems and Prompts, e.g. What adventure did character's name have in this story? How is this like another story we read? Did the same things happen to character's name? How were the stories different? Can you think of another story that is like this one?	STRATEGIES		
READING LITERATURE (RL)		Students	TEACHER NOTES, for example	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity		RL.K.10 Activate prior knowledge related to the information and events in texts. Use illustrations and context to make predictions about text. Literature Chicka Chicka Boom Boom David Shannon books Holiday theme read aloud Fric Carle books Academic Vocabulary group Ilisten purpose understanding books illustrations events predictions text Essential Skills and Concepts Working with others in a group Listening intently Asking questions Taking turns Ouestions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Today our group is going to read about Working together, we will With your partner, read about Uisten to what I read, and be prepared to turn to a partner and retell the story in your own words.	 Broad range quality reading Scaffolded instruction in core and independent reading Author Study - Collect copies of a single author's work. Choose a children's author that has a wide range of books such as Eric Carle or Lois Ehlert. Have the books available for student exploration. Lead discussions about book similarities and differences focusing not only on the text, but on the illustrations as well. Encourage students to identify the books that tell stories and those that tell facts. Concept Books Introduce students to a wide range of single concept books. Not only will students be engaged with the specific concept (letters, numbers, opposites etc.), they will be experiencing books that represent a wide range of literature. For example when studying numbers the book selections might be Mother Goose Numbers on the Loose by Leo and Diane Dillon; Icky Bug Numbers by Jerry Pallotta; Count by Denise Fleming and Uno, Dos, Tres, One, Two, Three by Pat Mora. 	See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6 Common Core State Standards, Appendices A and B Treasures Holiday picture books Literary and informational trade books Guided reading leveled books Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel Guided Reading, Fountas and Pinnell Fontas and Pinnell , Instructional Level Expectations for Reading http://www.heinemann.com/fountasandpinnell/handouts/InstructionalLevelExpectationsForReading.pdf Diverse Learners: www.cast.org	Required Constructed response DRA 2 PALS Formative TBD Summative TBD Suggested (see assessment list in the introduction) Anecdotal record/notes taken during guided reading Graphic organizers Think aloud notes Treasures Benchmark Assessments Weekly Running Records

STANDARDS	UNIT	STANDARDS/BENCHMARKS	INSTRUCTIONAL	RESOURCES	ASSESSMENTS
		North Smithfield School Department	STRATEGIES		7.65255
READING INFORMATIONAL TEXT (RI) Key Ideas and Details		RI.K.1 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text. • Informational Text • Treasures • "A Rainy Day" (unit 7) • "Animal Babies" (unit 5) • "On the Go" (unit 3) • Holiday picture books • Theme: Seasons • The Snowy Day • Science • All About Me • Animals Two by Two • Academic Vocabulary • question • answer • important • details • text • Essential Skills and Concepts • With prompting, know how to ask a question • With prompting, answer questions • Answer who, what, when, where, how many, and how questions • Answer who, what, when, where, how many, and how questions • Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. • What do you think was the most important thing you learned? • Can you ask your partner to tell you what happened when? • After modeling: Can you ask your partner how?	TEACHER NOTES, for example Graphic organizing Guided reading Science books Note taking (McRel) Questioning Predicting Building prior knowledge	RESOURCE NOTES • See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6 • Treasures o "A Rainy Day" (unit 7) o "Animal Babies" (unit 5) o "On the Go" (unit 3) o "Oak Trees" (unit 7) • Holiday picture books • Leveled Readers (guided reading) • Informational trade books • Science o All About Me o Animals Two by Two • Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel • Guided Reading, Fountas and Pinnell • Fontas and Pinnell , Instructional Level	ASSESSMENT NOTES Required Constructed response DRA 2 PALS Formative TBD Summative TBD Suggested (see assessment list in the introduction) Anecdotal record/notes taken during guided reading Graphic organizers Think aloud notes Treasures Benchmark Assessments
		RI.K.2 With prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell key details of a text. • Informational Text • Treasures • "A Rainy Day" (unit 7) • "Animal Babies (unit 5) • "On the Go" (unit 3) • "Oak Trees (unit 8) • Holiday picture books • Science • All About Me • Animals Two by Two • Academic Vocabulary • Identify • main • topic • retell • key	Discussions Guided reading	Expectations for Reading http://www.heinemann.co m/fountasandpinnell/hand outs/InstructionalLevelExp ectationsForReading.pdf • Diverse Learners: www.cast.org	Weekly Running Records

STANDARDS	UNIT	STANDARDS/BENCHMARKS	INSTRUCTIONAL	RESOURCES	ASSESSMENTS
		North Smithfield School Department	STRATEGIES		
		RI.K.3 **Essential Skills and Concepts** **O Know what a topic is on identify the main topic on the work of the story? **O Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g.** **O What was this book/page about?** **O Can you tell me what you learned?** **O Can you tell me what you learned?** **O What is the main topic of the text?* **O What is the main topic of the text?* **O Can you tell me what came first?* **O What is the main topic of the text?* **O Treasures: Animals theme (unit 5)** **Big Books** **	 Note taking (McRel) Questioning Discussions Guided reading Graphic organizers 		
READING		Students			
INFORMATIONAL			TEACHER NOTES, for example	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
TEXT (RI) Craft and Structure		RI.K.4 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text. • Informational Text	Class discussionGuided readingThink aloud	See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6	Required • Constructed response
-		 Holiday picture books Treasures: Animals theme (unit 5) Big BooksBig Book of Explorations Weather theme (unit 7) Leveled readers (informational text) 	 Vocabulary and concept graphic organizers (McRel) Visualizing Questioning Non linguistic representation (McRel) 	Treasures Holiday picture books Leveled readers Informational trade books Classroom Instruction That	DRA 2 PALS Formative TBD Summative TBD
4/24/2042		North Carlth End Calcula		J. S.	Suggested (see

STANDARDS UNIT	STANDARDS/BENCHMARKS	INSTRUCTIONAL	RESOURCES	ASSESSMENTS
	North Smithfield School Department	STRATEGIES		
	Academic Vocabulary ask answer question pictures known unknown help word(s) text Essential Skills and Concepts Recognize that a word is not known Be aware that there are strategies for solving unknown words Know that you can use clues like: picture clues, beginning letters, etc., to help solve unknown words Ouestions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Do you know something about that word that will help you? Can you get your mouth ready to say the first sound? What can you do to get help? Is there someone you can ask who might be able to help you? Is there something in the picture that can help you figure out what the word is?	Graphic organizers (McRel) Visualizing Questioning Non linguistic representation (McRel)	Works, McRel Guided Reading, Fountas and Pinnell Fontas and Pinnell, Instructional Level Expectations for Reading http://www.heinemann.com/fountasandpinnell/handouts/InstructionalLevelExpectationsForReading.pdf Diverse Learners: www.cast.org	assessment list in the introduction) • Anecdotal record/notes taken during guided reading • Graphic organizers • Think aloud notes • Treasures Benchmark Assessments • Weekly Running Records
	RI.K.5 Identify the front cover, back cover, and title page of a book. Informational Text Holiday picture books Treasures: Animals theme (unit 5) Big BooksBig Book of Explorations Weather theme (unit 7), e.g. "A Rainy Day" Leveled readers (informational text) Academic Vocabulary front back title book page cover Essential Skills and Concepts Identify the front cover Identify the front cover Identify the title page Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Show me the Identify the Open your book to the title page. How would you hold this book to read it to the class? RI.K.6 Name the author and illustrator of a text and define the role of each in presenting the ideas or information in a text. Informational Text Holiday picture books Treasures: Animals theme (unit 5) Big Book of Explorations Weather theme (unit 7)	Class discussions Guided reading Visualizing Questioning Non linguistic representation (McRel)		

STANDARDS	UNIT	STANDARDS/BENCHMARKS	INSTRUCTIONAL	RESOURCES	ASSESSMENTS
		North Smithfield School Department	STRATEGIES		
		 Leveled readers (informational text) 			
		Academic Vocabulary			
		o written by o • illustrated by			
		o • drawings			
		o • book o • ideas			
		o • information			
		o • author o • illustrator			
		Essential Skills and Concepts			
		o Define the role of the author			
		 Define the role of the illustrator Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. 			
		O Point to the name of the			
		o What does the author do?			
		o What does the illustrator do?o What is the author telling us?			
		o How do the pictures/illustrations help us learn about			
READING	Stude	ents		DECOLIDED NOTES	ACCECCA 451/7 1/0=-5
INFORMATIONAL			TEACHER NOTES, for example	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
TEXT (RI)	RI.K.7	With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations	Guided reading	See Resource list in the	Required
		and the text in which they appear (e.g., what person, place, thing, or idea in	Note-taking	introduction, p. 6	 Constructed
Integration of		the text an illustration depicts).	Discussion/think-alouds		response
Knowledge and Ideas		Informational Text		• Treasures	• DRA 2
lucas		 Holiday picture books 		 Holiday picture books 	• PALS
		o Treasures, e.g.		 non-fiction leveled readers 	Formative TBDSummative TBD
		 Amazing creatures (unit 9) Beetles 			• Summative TDD
		• Fish Faces		Classroom Instruction That	
		Big Book of Explorations		Works, McRel	Suggested (see
		 Holiday picture books 			assessment list in the
		Academic Vocabulary		Guided Reading, Fountas	introduction)
		o illustration o describe		and Pinnell	Anadatal
		o describe o text		Fontas and Pinnell ,	 Anecdotal record/notes taken
		o person o place		Instructional Level	during guided
		o place o idea		Expectations for Reading	reading
		o thing		http://www.heinemann.co	Į ,
		 shows Essential Skills and Concepts 		m/fountasandpinnell/hand	Graphic organizers
		 Recognize what an illustration is (e.g., picture, photo, drawing, sketch) 		outs/InstructionalLevelExp	
		 Know that the illustrations help you understand more about the text and the person, place, thing or idea the text is about 		<u>ectationsForReading.pdf</u>	Think aloud notes
		o With help, connect the illustrations with the message		Diverse Learners:	Transuras
		 Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. 		Diverse Learners: www.cast.org	Treasures Benchmark
		What can you learn from the illustrations?What do you think the writer is trying to say?		www.casc.UIg	Assessments
		o What in the picture helps you think that?			, 15505511101110
		 Why do you think the illustrator put in that picture? Describe how the picture helps you understand what the author has written 			Weekly Running
		besonde now the picture news you understand what the author has written			Records
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STANDARDS	UNIT	STANDARDS/BENCHMARKS	INSTRUCTIONAL	RESOURCES	ASSESSMENTS
		North Smithfield School Department	STRATEGIES		
		RI.K.8 With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text. • Informational Text • Holiday picture books • Treasures, e.g. • Big Book – "A Rainy Day" • Read Alouds • The Tiny Seed, Eric Clark • How a Seed grows, Helene J, Jordan and Loretta Krupinski • From Seed to Pumpkin, Wendy Rfoffer and Holly Keller • Cloudy With a Chance of Meatballs • Academic Vocabulary • reasons • author • explains • tells • writing • text • Essential Skills and Concepts • Know that an author writes to share what he/she thinks • Know that authors use details to help make a point • Understand that authors try to explain their thinking • Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. • What does the writer think about this problem? • Why do you think the author wrote that?	Guided reading Non linguistic representation (McRel) Think aloud Questioning		
		RI.K.9 With prompting and support, identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic, e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures. Informational Text Holiday picture books Treasures, e.g. Big Book – "A Rainy Day" Read Alouds The Tiny Seed, Eric Clark How a Seed grows, Helene J, Jordan and Loretta Krupinski From Seed to Pumpkin, Wendy Rfoffer and Holly Keller Cloudy With a Chance of Meatballs Academic Vocabulary picture illustrations text topic differences similarities same	Picture Book Practice Use two informational pictures books on the same topic to compare the evidence the authors use to support their ideas. Students can work in small groups to chart the similarities and differences. Repeat this activity before moving students on to more complex text. Venn diagram		

STANDARDS UN	STANDARDS/BENCHMARKS	INSTRUCTIONAL	RESOURCES	ASSESSMENTS
	North Smithfield School Department	STRATEGIES		
READING INFORMATIONAL	Essential Skills and Concepts State what the text is about Identify the differences between the two texts Tell how the illustrations, descriptions or procedures are the same or different Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Can you tell me what this text is about? Can you tell me how this picture is the same as this one? We read two books, what was different about them? We are going to compare these two books. How were they the same? We are going to fill in this chart; can you tell me how the two texts we read were different? Students	TEACHER NOTES, for example	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
TEXT (RI) Range of Reading Level of Text Complexity	RI.K.10 Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding. activate prior knowledge related to the information and events on texts. Use illustrations and context to make predictions about text. Informational Text Treasures Big Book Explorations "Friends all Around" "Friends" (unit 3) Leveled informational texts Academic Vocabulary activities understanding partner Essential Skills and Concepts Work in groups Contribute to the group to help understand what is being read Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Everyone needs to help. Bialk to your partner Bielp your partner Bielp your partner Bielp your partner Bielp your partner	 Guided reading Informational reading strategies applied to content areas Sequence chart (Treasures) Features of informational text Scaffolded instruction in core and independent reading KWL chart Role playing Read aloud Questioning Before reading During reading After reading Discussions 	See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6 Treasures non fiction Science non-fiction books Holiday picture books Leveled informational text Informational read alouds Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel Guided Reading, Fountas and Pinnell, Instructional Level Expectations for Reading http://www.heinemann.com/fountasandpinnell/handouts/InstructionalLevelExpectationsForReading.pdf Diverse Learners: www.cast.org	Required Constructed response DRA 2 PALS Formative TBD Suggested (see assessment list in the introduction) Anecdotal record/notes taken during guided reading Graphic organizers Think aloud notes Treasures Benchmark Assessments Weekly Running Records Informal running records Reading logs

STANDARDS	UNIT	STANDARDS/BENCHMARKS	INSTRUCTIONAL	RESOURCES	ASSESSMENTS
		North Smithfield School Department	STRATEGIES		
READING (RF) Print Concepts		RF.1.1 Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print. a. Follow words from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page. (RF.K.1a) Informational Text Leveled readers Big Books	TEACHER NOTES • Modeling • Guided reading • Assembling magnetic letters L to R to make a known word. Run finger under it L to R and read • Big Books	RESOURCE NOTES • See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6 • Leveled readers • Big Books • Keep books	ASSESSMENT NOTES Required Constructed response DRA 2 PALS Formative TBD Summative TBD
		Poems Academic Vocabulary direction left right to top bottom page	Use large books that all children can see to point out print features while reading aloud. Focus on a few topics at a time (moving left to right, spaces between words, end punctuation, moving top to bottom, distinguishing text from	Poems Trade books Elkonian boxes (sound boxes) ABC Bingo	Suggested (see assessment list in the introduction) • Anecdotal
		o print o word(s) o sentence • Essential Skills and Concepts o Follow print from left to right o Follow print from top to bottom o Track each word across the page o Track print across several pages	illustrations). • Name Games Using names that have been cut apart, have learners arrange names correctly (words are made	Fountas and Pinnell Magnetic letters Classroom Instruction That	record/notes taken during guided reading • Graphic organizers
		Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Show me where I start reading. Which way do I go next? Point to the first word on this page. Point to the last word on the page. Point to each word as I read the sentence/page.	up of letters)	 Works, McRel Guided Reading, Fountas and Pinnell 	Think aloud notes Treasures Benchmark Assessments
		b. Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by specific sequences of letters. (RF.K.1b) Leveled readers Big Books Poems Keep books Academic Vocabulary print text information words sentence Essential Skills and Concepts Distinguish words from letters or groups of letters Recognize the relationship between letters and sounds Know that the print, not the picture, represents written language Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Why do we read? Can you point to the words on the page? Where can we find things to read?	One to one match/pointing	Fontas and Pinnell , Instructional Level Expectations for Reading http://www.heinemann.co m/fountasandpinnell/hand outs/InstructionalLevelExp ectationsForReading.pdf Diverse Learners: www.cast.org	Weekly Running Records Informal running records Reading logs
		c. Understand that words are separated by spaces in print. (RF.K.1c) • Big Books	Teacher modeling: Big Books and Nursery Rhymes		

STANDARDS	UNIT	STANDARDS/BENCHMARKS	INSTRUCTIONAL	RESOURCES	ASSESSMENTS
		North Smithfield School Department	STRATEGIES		
		Nursery Rhymes Academic Vocabulary sentence space word between print separated Essential Skills and Concepts Recognize space between/around recognize words Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Can you point to a word? Can you make a circle around every word in the sentence? Can you count the words in the sentence? Can you count the words in the sentence? Any ou show me the first word in the sentence? Alphabet books Alphabet books Alphabet cards Academic Vocabulary uppercase lowercase letters matching recognize point read alphabet ABC's Essential Skills and Concepts identify, recognize, and name all uppercase (capital) letters. Midentify, recognize, and name all uppercase letters. Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Can you show me an uppercase Can you foncepts Can you find a letter that looks like this? Tell me the name of each letter as I point to it.	Shared writing Kid writing, e.g.		
READING (RF) Phonological Awareness		RF.K.2 Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes). a. Recognize and produce rhyming words. RF.K.2a • Dr. Seuss books • Nursery Rhymes • Poems, e.g. Half Way Down, A.A. Milne • Academic Vocabulary • sound • ending • rhyme • same	TEACHER NOTES • Repeated readings • Teacher modeling • Choral reading • Rhyming picture cards • Word play	See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6 Dr. Seuss books Nursery Rhymes Poems, e.g. Half Way Down, A.A. Milne Guided Reading leveled readers	ASSESSMENT NOTES Required Constructed response DRA 2 PALS Formative TBD Summative TBD Suggested (see assessment list in the

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	o different		Linda Mood (LIPS)	introduction)
	Essential Skills and Concepts		 Fountas and Pinnell 	
	o Sound recognition o Word endings		phonics lessons	 Anecdotal
	o Sameness/difference of sounds			record/notes taken
	o Repetition		Magnetic letters	during guided
	o Isolating the sounds at the end of a word			reading
	 Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. 		"The Mailbox Teacher	 Graphic organizers
	What do you notice about these words?Do these words sound the same?		Helper Magazine"	1
	Do these words sound the same?Does this word rhyme with ?		(available in library)	Think aloud notes
	Can you name/say another word that sounds like this one?		(available in library)	
	O Do these words end the same, or are they different?		Classroom Instruction That	Treasures
			Works, McRel	Benchmark
b.	Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words.		WOLKS, IVICITE	Assessments
5.	RF.K.2b	 Clapping syllables 	Cuided Beeding Fountee	Assessifients
	Dr. Seuss books	 Making words activities 	Guided Reading, Fountas	. Wookly Bunning
			and Pinnell	Weekly Running Records
	Nursery Rhymes			Records
	Poems, e.g. Half Way Down, A.A. Milne		Fontas and Pinnell ,	L.C
	Academic Vocabulary		Instructional Level	Informal running
	o sound o count		Expectations for Reading	records
	o first		http://www.heinemann.co	
	o last		m/fountasandpinnell/hand	Reading logs
	o blend		outs/InstructionalLevelExp	
	o segment o take apart		ectationsForReading.pdf	
	o repeat			
	Essential Skills and Concepts		Diverse Learners:	
	o Counting		www.cast.org	
	o Reproducing sounds		www.cdsc.org	
	o Sequence of sounds o Blending sounds			
	o Segmenting sounds			
	Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g.			
	O How many sounds do you hear?			
	o Where do you hear that sound?			
	What do you hear first?			
	 Repeat these sounds. Listen as I say these sounds slowly. Say them with me. Let's say them 			
	fast.			
	 Listen to this word. Say the sounds slowly. 			
	o Use Elkonian/sound boxes.			
C.	0 , ,	Mord families		
	RF.K.2c	Word families Making words activities		
	Dr. Seuss books	Making words activities		
	Nursery Rhymes			
	Poems, e.g. Half Way Down, A.A. Milne			
	Academic Vocabulary			
	o blend			
	o segment			
	o take apart o onset			
	o syllables			
	o parts			
	Essential Skills and Concepts			
	o blending sounds to form words			
	o segmenting sounds			
	o hearing onsets			1

 hearing rimes determining syllables in words Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. How many parts do you hear in these words? What word do you get when you put this sound with this chunk? What word do you get when you add to (ex. /m/ to /at/)? How many syllables does this word have? When you take apart this word, do you see another word? 	
d. Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonent-vowel-consonent, or CVC) words.* (This does not include CVCs ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/.) RF.K.2d Dr. Seuss books Nursery Rhymes Poems, e.g. Half Way Down, A.A. Milne Academic Vocabulary	Sound tapping Elkonian Boyes (sound boxes)
sound beginning middle vowel identify tell hear word end Hear beginning and final sounds in three phoneme words Hear and pronounce the medial vowel sound in three-phoneme words Hear sound pronounce the medial vowel sound in three-phoneme words I will say a word; tell me what sound you hear first. In the word, what is the beginning sound? I will say a word, what sound do you hear at the end? Say the word with me. What sound did you make first/last? Listen as I say the word. What sound do you hear in the middle? What vowel do you hear in the middle of the word?	
e. Add or substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple, one-syllable words to make new words. RF.K.2e • Dr. Seuss books • Nursery Rhymes • Poems, e.g. Half Way Down, A.A. Milne • Academic Vocabulary • sounds • new word • added • took away • Essential Skills and Concepts • Identify individual sounds • Recognize the order of the sounds, and add sounds to make new words • Recognize if adding a new sound, makes a new word • Changing a sound while holding on to the rest of the word • Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. • What sounds do you hear? • The word is What word would you have if you took away the and added? (The word is rat. What new word would you have if you took away the /r/ and added /m/?)	Magnetic letters Word families Making word activites
	Ouestions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Ouestions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Outstions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Outstide on the endition of the word. d. Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonent-vowel-consonent, or CVC) words.* (This does not include CVCs ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/.) RF.K.2d Or. Seuss books Nursery Rhymes Poems, e.g. Half Way Down, A.A. Milne Ouestions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Outstind Stellis and Concepts Ouestions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Ouestions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Outstind Stellis and Concepts Outstind Stellis Attitude Stellis Stel

READING (RF)	Students	TEACHER NOTES, for example	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
Foundational Phonics and	RF.K.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words both in isolation and text.	Direct instruction basic rules	• See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6	Required • Constructed
Word Recognition	Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary or many of the most	Guided reading	• Treasures	response • DRA 2
	frequent sound for each consonant. (RFK.3a)	Paired reading	 Guided Reading leveled readers 	PALSFormative TBD
	 Associate the long and short sounds with common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. (RFK.3b) 	Repeated reading	Linda Mood (LIPS)	Summative TBD
	c. Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she		Fountas and Pinnell Physics Jacobs	Suggested (see
	my, is, are, do, does). (RFK.3c) • Kindergarten sight words (35)	Word sorts	phonics lessons • Magnetic letters	assessment list in the introduction)
	d. Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds	Sound cards	Pocket chart activities	Anecdotal record/notes taken
	of the letters that differ. (RFK.3d)	ABC charts	"The Mailbox Teacher	during guided reading
	 Leveled readers Keep Books 	Word play with word families	Helper Magazine" (available in library)	Graphic organizers
	 Academic Vocabulary sound word 	Making words	Classroom Instruction That	Think aloud notes
	o same o different o letter	Magnetic letters Teacher modeling	Works, McRel	• Treasures
	o read o spell o vowels	High frequency word cards	Guided Reading, Fountas and Pinnell	Benchmark Assessments
	 sight word Essential Skills and Concepts Produce sound(s) that correspond to a given letter Track across a word and produce the corresponding sounds Know the difference between vowels and consonants Understand that vowels have long sounds Understand that vowels have short sounds 	mgn frequency word cards	Fontas and Pinnell , Instructional Level Expectations for Reading http://www.heinemann.co m/fountasandpinnell/hand	Weekly Running Records
	Hear and distinguish the differences between long and short vowel sounds Know a word to automaticity and recall it on sight Read high frequency words in text Hear the differences in words that sound alike such as van and ban, pen and pin and Pam and pan.	,	outs/InstructionalLevelExp ectationsForReading.pdf • Diverse Learners:	
	 Recall the sounds of two words, and identify the differences in the words Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. When I point to a letter, tell me the sound that it makes. When I say a sound, write the letter/letters that make that sound. When I sayhat , what letter do you hear in the middle? How would you spell the word? Which vowel do hear, when I say? As you point to a list of high frequency words, "can you read these words for me? I will say two words: tell me if they are the same or differednt? 		www.cast.org	

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READING (RF)	Students			
, ,		TEACHER NOTES, for example	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
Foundational	RF.K.4 Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. • Leveled readers	Independent conferencing	See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6	Required • Constructed
Skills Fluency	Academic Vocabulary purpose	Guided reading	• Treasures	response • DRA 2
	o author o understanding	Paired reading	Fluency sheetsLeveled readers	PALS Formative TBD
	o punctuation o period o story	Readers Theater	Classroom Instruction That	Summative TBD
	 Essential Skills and Concepts Understand and use concepts of print and book handling skills 	Repeated reading	Works, McRel	Suggested (see assessment list in the
	Know that text has meaning and an author's message Use predictable patterns to read text Master high frequency words with automaticity		Guided Reading, Fountas and Pinnell	introduction)
	Know how punctuation works to help comprehension Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g.		Fontas and Pinnell ,	Anecdotal record/notes taken
	Can you read this book for me?What can you do when you get to a word you don't know?		Instructional Level	during guided
	 Is this book going to tell you a story, or is it going to help you learn about something? What is this book about? 		Expectations for Reading http://www.heinemann.co	reading
	What do you think the author is trying to tell you?		m/fountasandpinnell/hand outs/InstructionalLevelExp	Graphic organizers
			ectationsForReading.pdf	Think aloud notes
			Diverse Learners: www.cast.org	Timed fluency sheet
			www.cast.org	Treasures Benchmark Assessments
				Weekly Running Records
WRITING (W)	Students	TEACHER NOTES, for example	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
Text Types and	W.K.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion	Teacher read aloud	See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6	Required Constructed
Purposes*	 pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., My favorite book is). Academic Vocabulary 	Present several photos or illustrations from a book. Students choose photo they like best and	Treasures Kid Writing	response Formative TBD Summative TBD
	o draw o tell o writing o favorite o book title o reason o like	respond through dictation or writing saying why they chose that photo or illustration as their favorite	Common Core State Standards, Appendix c, p. 6, "My fabit Book is do you Want to be my FRIEND"	Suggested (see assessment list in the introduction)
	 dislike opinion Essential Skills and Concepts Draw a picture Know that a story tells about something that happened 	Shared writing Modeling	Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel Diverse Learners:	Anecdotal record/notes taken during guided
	o Understand that ideas can be conveyed through writing, drawing pictures or		• Diverse Learners:	reading

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	telling Give the name of the book when writing about that book • Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. What are you writing about? Which is your favorite (animal, book, food)? Don't forget to put that in your writing. How will you start your writing? Can you tell me what you like, and I will write down what you say? Can you tell me about your picture, and I will help you write about your picture? Can you use this frame to start your writing? My favorite is, or I like because Can you tell why you like this book, animal, color?		www.cast.org	Checklist – opinion writing Graphic organizers Think aloud notes Treasures Benchmark Assessments Opinion writing checklist RAISE rubric
WRITING (W) Text Types and Purposes*	W.K. 2 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. • Treasures Big Book (unit 1) • "Picnic at Apple Park" activity create chart, Teacher edition, p. 105 • Trade Book – Pancakes for Breakfast, by Tommy De Paola • Poem – "Mix a Pancake" by Christina Rossetti • Draw illustrations that match the words to show the steps in making pancakes • Academic Vocabulary • explain • write • details • tell about • compose • topic • name • Essential Skills and Concepts • Choose a topic to write about • Decide what information they will write about • Organize the ideas • Use drawings about the topic to support the written ideas • Use general writing about • Use details about their topic in their writing • Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. • What are you writing about? • How will you start your writing? • Can you tell me about your picture, and I will write about your picture? • Can you tell me about your picture, and I will help you write about your picture? • Why don't you tell what it looks like and what it does?	TEACHER NOTES, for example • Discussion • Think aloud • Read aloud • Modeling	RESOURCE NOTES • See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6 • Treasures • Kid Writing • Common Core State Standards, Appendix c, p. 7, "Frags (Frogs)" • Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel • Diverse Learners: www.cast.org	ASSESSMENT NOTES Required Constructed response Formative TBD Suggested (see assessment list in the introduction) Anecdotal record/notes taken during guided reading Checklist - informative writing Graphic organizers Think aloud notes Treasures Benchmark Assessments Information writing checklist RAISE rubric

WRITING (W)	Students			
		TEACHER NOTES, for example	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
Text Types and Purposes*	W.K.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. • Treasures (unit 3), e.g. o "Duck on a Bike" • Trade Book David books by David Shannon makes for Breakfast" by Tomie DePaola • Academic Vocabulary draw retell events order happen reaction • Essential Skills and Concepts Be able to talk about what has been drawn Know what an event is Retell the event in the order that it happened Retell as eries of events in the order in which they happened Retall how they felt during the event/series of events • Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. We all went to the and what we did. After reading a book or story, today we are going to write about this book. I want you to draw a picture of your favorite part; then you will come and tell me about what you drew. Draw a picture that shows how you feel, and then tell about what you drew.	Teacher modeling Shared writing	See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6 Treasures Kid Writing Common Core State Standards, Appendix c, p.9 "I went to Dinand" Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel Diverse Learners: www.cast.org	Required Constructed response Formative TBD Suggested (see assessment list in the introduction) Anecdotal record/notes taken during guided reading Checklist – narrative writing Graphic organizers Think aloud notes Treasures Benchmark Assessments Narrative writing checklist
Production and Distribution of Writing	W.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. • Students comment on each other's writing and tell what they like and how it can be improved • Academic Vocabulary • topic • questions • peers • writing • details • Essential Skills and Concepts • Know how to take ideas from a graphic organizer or chart to write about	TEACHER NOTES, for example Teacher modeling Kid Writing mini lesson Peer modeling Kid Wring Process Whole class or small group: student "praise" and "push"	See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6 Kid Writing Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel Diverse Learners: www.cast.org	ASSESSMENT NOTES Required Constructed response Formative TBD Summative TBD Suggested (see assessment list in the introduction) Anecdotal
1/24/2013	Write sentences witch form a graphic organizer of chart to write about Write sentences witch details Work with peers Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. What will you be writing about today? What did you like the most? Can you write about that? North Smithfield School Department	Pair students with classroom buddies grade 2 or 3 classes to work collaboratively in computer lab		record/notes taken during guided reading

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	Academic Vocabulary o mouse keyboard typing presenting sharing Essential Skills and Concepts O Be familiar with a computer keyboard Use a mouse Work with peers Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Would you like to type, or should !? How will your group decide how to present your story?			Peer editing RAISE rubric
WRITING (W) Research to Build and Present Knowledge	W.K.7 Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., exploration books by a favorite author and express opinions about them). Trade Book by author, e.g. David Shannon Fric Carle Dr. Seuss Academic Vocabulary reason tell explain author's name title opinion like/dislike Essential Skills and Concepts Know that opinions can be expressed using terms such as lovetc. Give different reasons for their preference Have access to books/stories by the same author Know that exploring can be comparing and contrasting the st concepts the author presents in different books Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. What is the name of your favorite book? Who wrote that book? Who wrote that book? Who would you like to read/hear another book by that author? This book and this book are by the same author and this book are by the same author you like best and why? Which do you like better? Choose one, and give to reasons we	Graphic organizers KWL chart e, like, dislike, hate, ory, drawings, and nor. Which one did	RESOURCE NOTES • See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6 • Trade Books by author, e.g. • David Shannon • Tomie DePaola • Eric Carle • Dr. Seuss • Treasures, e.g. • "A Rainy Day" (unit 7) • "Animal Babies" (unit 5) • "On the Go" (unit 3) • "Beetles (unit 9) • "Scholastic News" articles • Videos – Magic School Bus • Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel • Diverse Learners: www.cast.org	ASSESSMENT NOTES Required Constructed response Formative TBD Suggested (see assessment list in the introduction) Anecdotal record/notes taken during guided reading Graphic organizers Think aloud notes Treasures Benchmark Assessments Peer editing RAISE rubric

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SPEAKING AND LISTENING (SL) Comprehension and Collaboration Claboration Clabor		W.K.8 With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. • Treasures, e.g. o "A Rainy Day" (unit 7) o "Animal Babies" (unit 5) o "On the Go" (unit 3)	Questioning/discussions Shared writing Graphic organizer		Teacher conferencing notes
SPEAKING AND LISTENING (SL) Comprehension and Collaboration SL.K.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion). (SL.K.1a) b. Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges. (SL.K.1b) • Academic Vocabulary • conversation • pertone • Essential Skills and Concents • Koow that when slabiling, there are rules that we follow such as, not interrupting when another person is speaking • Coustions, we need to look at them Koow that when listening to someone, we need to look at them Koow that when steeming to someone, we need to respond about the same thing • Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g., and prompts, e		 "Beetles (unit 9) "Scholastic News" articles Videos – Magic School Bus Academic Vocabulary recall information gather/collect questions books remember learn Essential Skills and Concepts Retell/recall key details Looking at multiple sources to gather information Draw conclusions from experiences to help answer a question Use multiple sources to come to an answer 			
Comprehension and Collaboration SL.K.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turms speaking about the topics and texts under discussion). (SL.K.1a) b. Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges. (SL.K.1b) • Academic Vocabulary • Conversation partner take turns listen carefully interrupting inside voice • Essential Skills and Concets Now that when taking, there are rules that we follow such as, not interrupting when another person is speaking Now that when taking, there are rules that we follow such as, not interrupting when another person is speaking Now that when taking its osomeone, we need to look at them Know that when we are listening to someone, we need to respond about the same thing • Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. SL.K.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger a Translet a Tran and Talk a Translet c Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel b Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel a Required c Constructed response a Fellows peerson is genetically a Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel a Role playing a New Last modeling a Translet mo		 Can you tell me what happened? After reading a text, or looking at a picture, ask; who, what, where and when questions. 	TEACHER NOTES for example	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
 partner take turns listen carefully interrupting inside voice Essential Skills and Concepts Know that when talking, there are rules that we follow such as, not interrupting when another person is speaking Know that when listening to someone, we need to look at them Know that when listening to someone, we need to respond about the same thing Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Anecdotal record/notes ta during guided reading Graphic organiz Think aloud not 	Comprehension and	about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion). (SL.K.1a) b. Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges. (SL.K.1b) • Academic Vocabulary	 Turn and Talk Teacher modeling Peer conferencing	Trade books See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6 Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel Diverse Learners:	Required Constructed response Formative TBD Summative TBD Suggested (see assessment list in the
o Talk to your partner about Talk to your group about Benchmark		o partner take turns listen carefully interrupting inside voice Essential Skills and Concepts Know that when talking, there are rules that we follow such as, not interrupting when another person is speaking Know that when listening to someone, we need to look at them Know that when we are listening to someone, we need to respond about the same thing Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Talk to your partner about			record/notes taken during guided reading Graphic organizers Think aloud notes Treasures

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	 Tell your partner what you have liked so far. Tell your group what you have learned about 		Assessments
			Peer editing
SL.K.2	Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting clarification if something is not understood. • Academic Vocabulary Information	 Think Alouds Turn and Talk Using KWLs Draw a chart with three columns that are labeled K W and L respectively. Have students list what they know about a topic in the first column. In the second column, have students identify what they want to know. Emphasize the formation of a question for this column. For example, if the topic is tigers and a student says, "I want to know about a tiger's stripes" – the teacher should encourage the student to formulate a question about the stripes. "What is it you want to know about the stripes?" is a possible response or "What question do you have about the stripes?" Encourage students to use question words when completing the middle section of the KWL. What's the Problem? Read aloud a series of stories by a single author. For example Ezra Jack Keats (Snowy Day, Whistle for Willie, Peter's Chair, Pet Show!) or Eric Carle (The Very Hungry Caterpillar, The Very Busy Spider, The Grouchy Ladybug, The Very Lonely Firefly). After reading, have students discuss the problem the main character has and then decide how that problem was solved. Student responses can be charted in a whole class graphic (three columns, one for the book title, one for the problem and one for the solution). Accept more than one response for the problem and solutions and encourage discussion about the varieties. Once the 	RAISE rubric
		one response for the problem and	

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			across the texts with respect to problems and solutions.		
SPEAKING AND LISTENING (SL)	Students		TEACHER NOTES, for example	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas		Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional detail.	Book discussions	See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6	Required • Constructed
	,	Drawing in response to informational text	Book talks	<u>www.readwritethink.org</u>	response Formative TBD
	,	Academic Vocabulary people	Class discussions	Classroom Instruction That	Summative TBD
		o community workers o places o things	Formal/informal class presentations	Works, McRelDiverse Learners:	Suggested (see assessment list in the
		o animals o describe o events	Providing feedback	www.cast.org	introduction)
		 happened Essential Skills and Concepts Use descriptive words 	Read, write, think		Anecdotal record/notes taken
		 Understand what an event is Know and use positional words Know and use sensory words 	Sharing published works		during guided reading
		 Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Can you tell me what it looked like? 	Turn and talk		Graphic organizers
		o Where did that happen?o What happened when?o What was special about that?	Show and tell		Think aloud notes
		 What does a person, such as a doctor or teacher, do? Is there anymore that you can say about? What else can you tell about? 	Conversation Strategies To move students away from popcorn talk (each child presenting a topic related idea that is not connected to an idea of another,		Treasures Benchmark Assessments
	SL.K.5	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.	facilitate the discussion with this technique: Clarify-Extend		Peer editing RAISE rubric
		 Drawing in response to information text Academic Vocabulary drawing visual display describe topic 	1) Listen to what a child has to say, 2) Pick an idea from the child's talk and explain it, disentangle it, or add to it.		Teacher peer conferencing
		o same o more o additional o details o describing words	Ask-Tell 1) Become involved in what the child is doing, 2) Highlight what the child should attend to,		
		 Essential Skills and Concepts Choose a topic to speak about Be able to use adjectives to describe the topic Draw a picture that shows what they are saying Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. 	3) Maintain interest by breaking down the task, 4) Offer praise and encouragement		
		 What will you be speaking about today? I want you to draw a picture that will help us understand what you are saying. Can you find a picture that shows what you will share? Can you tell us more about your picture? Does your drawing help add more details? 	Think Aloud I) Involve the child in what you are wondering, 2) Share your thoughts out loud,		

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		3) Model how to think it through to a conclusion		
	SL.K.6 Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly. • Academic Vocabulary • audience • topic • share • talk • loudly • speaking • hear • think • Essential Skills and Concepts • Talk to the audience • Speak loudly without yelling • Plan what they will say • Use words like happy, unhappy, like, dislike to express feelings • Choose one or two ideas to talk about • Stay on the chosen topic • Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. • What will you share with us today? • Who would like to share today? • Remember to speak loudly enough so everyone can hear you. • Don't forget to tell if this made you feel happy or sad, mad, or scared.	• Role Play Begin with real life examples that provide opportunities to practice language in different situations, such as a restaurant, grocery store or hospital. Teachers can participate in the role play to display/model appropriate behaviors such as buying or selling or being patients, doctors, nurses, etc.		
LANGUAGES (L)	Students	TEACHER NOTES, for example	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
Conventions of Standards English	L.K.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar ar usage when writing or speaking. a. Print many upper- and lowercase letters. (L.K.1a) b. Use frequently occurring nouns and verbs. (L.K.1b) c. Form regular plural nouns orally by adding /s/or /es/ (e.g., dog, dogs; wish, wishes). (L.K.1c) d. Understand and use question words (interrogatives) (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how). (L.K.1d) e. Use the most frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., to, from, in out, on, off, for, of, by, with). (L.K.1e) f. Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. (L.K.1f) • Academic Vocabulary • uppercase • lowercase • capital • letters • nouns • verb	 Teacher modeling formation Tracing activities Model to apply in context Teacher conference in Kid Writing Teacher mini lessons 	See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6 Kid Writing Kindergarten Writing Without tears Season Journal Writing Phonics Lessons, Fountas and Pinnell The Writing Fix Magnetic letters Linda Mood (Lips program) "The Mailbox Teacher Helper Magazine" (available in library) www.readwritethink.org	Required Constructed response Formative TBD Suggested (see assessment list in the introduction) Anecdotal record/notes taken during guided reading Graphic organizers Think aloud notes Treasures Benchmark Assessments Peer editing

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		o singular o sentence		Classroom Instruction That	RAISE rubric
		o who		Works, McRel	
		o what			 Treasures
		o when		Diverse Learners:	Assessments for
		o where o why		www.cast.org	Grammar
		o why o how		www.cast.org	
		Essential Skills and Concepts			
		Be able to recognize upper and lowercase letters			
		o Correctly form upper and lowercase letters			
		 Know that nouns are words that name people, places, things and ideas 			
		o Know that verbs describe actions			
		 Know that many singular nouns can become plurals by adding s or es Form questions using who, what, where, when, why and how 			
		o Know how to speak in complete sentences			
		Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g.			
		O Can you write your ABC's?			
		o Can you write the letter?			
		o Can you write the uppercase letter?			
		Which of these words are nouns?A noun is a person, place, thing or idea.			
		Which words tell what the people are doing?			
		o Can you tell what he/she is doing?			
		O Which word is the action word in the sentence?			
		O How can we change this word so that it shows that there is more than one?			
		o Is plural or singular?			
	L.K.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English	Kid Writing:		
		capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	o Mini lesson		
			 One one one conference 		
		a. Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I. (L.K.2a)	Shared writing		
			3 Sharea Writing		
		b. Recognize and name end punctuation. (L.K.2b)	Journal writing		
		a. Theody. The and harme end particulation (2.11.2.2)	• Journal writing		
		c. Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds	Adulting and an extended to the co		
			Making words: magnetic letters		
		(phonemes). (L.K.2c)			
			Tapping on fingers to blend and		
		d. Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter	segment sounds		
		relationships. (L.K.2d)			
		<u>Academic Vocabulary</u>			
		o letters			
		o sound			
		o period o question mark			
		o exclamation point			
		o sentence			
		o hear			
		o write o spell			
		o capitalize			
		o upper case			
		o lower case			
		Essential Skills and Concepts			
		O Use phonetic spelling when writing			
		 Name the period, question mark, and exclamation point Know and write a sentence 			
		o Know that a sentence begins with a capital letter			
			•	•	

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	 Know that a sentence needs some type of ending punctuation Be able to form the appropriate letter to represent the sound(s) they hear Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. Did you remember to capitalize and punctuate your sentence? Can you write the letters you hear when you say that word? Can you write the letter(s) that make that sound? 			
LANGUAGES (L) Vocabulary Acquisition and Use	L.K.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. a. Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowing duck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). (L.K.4a) b. Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. (L.K.4b) • "Rosies Walk" • Academic Vocabulary • choose • meaning • familiar words • Essential Skills and Concepts • Recognize that a word is unknown • Know that some words have other meanings • Use context and/or pictures to help determine a new meaning for a known word • Know that parts can be added to a word to change its meaning • Use the familiar and new meanings correctly • Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. • What happens to the word cat when we add s and make it cats? • When I use the word in this sentence, what does it mean? • Can you use this word in a sentence? • Can you awa picture of what this word means? • Which of these pictures shows?	TEACHER NOTES, for example Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel Non-linguistic representation Figurative/descriptive language Guided Reading Reader's Theater Concept Books Share books that focus on a single concept to expand students' understanding of that concept. For example, Black? White! Day? Night! by Seeger and Brian Wildsmith's Opposites by Brian Wildsmith for opposites or Under, Over and Through by Tana Hoban and We're Going on a Bear Hunt when studying position words.	RESOURCE NOTES See Resource list in the introduction, p. 6 Trade books Leveled readers Classroom Instruction That Works, McRel Diverse Learners: www.cast.org	ASSESSMENT NOTES Required Constructed response Formative TBD Summative TBD Suggested (see assessment list in the introduction) Class discussions
	 L.K.5 With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. a. Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. (L.K.5a) b. Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms). (L.K.5b) c. Identify real-life connections between words and their use. (L.K.5c) d. Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings. (L.K.5d) 	 Pocket chart activities (sorting) Graphic organizer Envisions lesson (math series) Charades 		

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Academic Vocabulary o author		
o describing		
o brainstorm		
o group		
o verb		
o opposite o sort		
o show me		
o difference		
Essential Skills and Concepts		
o Group objects by colors, sizes, shape		
 Sort given objects into groups 		
 Sort pictures into categories and label the categories 		
o Understand what an opposite is		
o Know and use basic verbs		
Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g.		
Put these into groups please.Do you know another way to say that?		
o Let's make a describing map to think of ways to say		
We are going to brainstorm ways to say		
o The opposite ofis		
o If it is not; it is		
 Can you show me what march looks like? Show me the difference between talk and whisper. 		
3 Show the the difference between talk and whisper.		
L.K.6 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading	Response to literature	
and being read to, and responding to texts.		
Academic Vocabulary	 Discussion/questioning 	
o respond		
o talk	Turn and talk	
o vocabulary		
o conversation		
o ideas idea		
Essential Skills and Concepts		
 Talking about ideas or events in a story Responding to ideas they have heard or read about 		
 Responding to ideas they have heard or read about Respond in sentences or phrases 		
o Use new vocabulary in conversations about what you have learned or read		
 Questions Stems and Prompts, e.g. 		
o How should you ask for?		
 What type of vocabulary would be best for this situation? 		
o What did you share with your group when you talked with them?		
o What great ideas did you read about?		